



<b>Annex to Solar Keymark Certificate - Summary of EN ISO 9806:2013 Test Results</b>					<b>Licence Number</b>		<b>011-7S2857 F</b>				
					<b>Date issued</b>		<b>2018-05-14</b>				
					<b>Issued by</b>		<b>DIN CERTCO</b>				
<b>Licence holder</b>	<b>Jiaying JinYi Solar Energy Technology Co.,Ltd.</b>				<b>Country</b>	<b>China</b>					
<b>Brand (optional)</b>	<b>JinYi</b>				<b>Web</b>	<b>www.jinyi-solar.com</b>					
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<b>Collector Type</b>					<b>Flat plate collector, glazed</b>						
<b>Collector name</b>	<b>Gross area (A<sub>G</sub>)</b> m <sup>2</sup>	<b>Gross length</b> mm	<b>Gross width</b> mm	<b>Gross height</b> mm	<b>Power output per collector</b> G <sub>b</sub> = 850 W/m <sup>2</sup> ; G <sub>d</sub> = 150 W/m <sup>2</sup> ; u = 3 m/s ∅ <sub>m</sub> - ∅ <sub>a</sub>						
					0 K W	10 K W	30 K W	50 K W	70 K W	71 K W	
<b>JFC-2/2</b>	2.00	2 000	1 000	80	1 377	1 304	1 142	961	762	751	
<b>JFC-2/2.5</b>	2.50	2 000	1 250	80	1 720	1 628	1 426	1 201	951	938	
<b>Power output per m<sup>2</sup> gross area</b>					688	651	570	480	380	375	
<b>Performance parameters test method</b>		<b>Quasi dynamic</b>									
<b>Performance parameters (related to AG)</b>		η <sub>0,b</sub>	c <sub>1</sub>	c <sub>2</sub>	c <sub>3</sub>	c <sub>4</sub>	c <sub>6</sub>	K <sub>d</sub>			
<b>Units</b>		-	W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)	W/(m <sup>2</sup> K <sup>2</sup> )	J/(m <sup>3</sup> K)	-	s/m	-			
<b>Test results</b>		0.700	3.552	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.884			
<b>Incidence angle modifier test method</b>		<b>Quasi dynamic - outdoor</b>									
<b>Bi-directional incidence angle modifiers</b>		<b>No</b>									
<b>Incidence angle modifier</b>		Angle	10°	20°	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°
<b>Transversal</b>		K <sub>θT, coll</sub>	1.00	0.99	0.97	0.95	0.91	0.83	0.68	-	0.00
<b>Longitudinal</b>		K <sub>θL, coll</sub>	1.00	0.99	0.97	0.95	0.91	0.83	0.68	-	0.00
<b>Heat transfer medium for testing</b>					<b>Water</b>						
<b>Flow rate for testing (per gross area, A<sub>G</sub>)</b>					dm/dt	0.020	kg/(sm <sup>2</sup> )				
<b>Maximum temperature difference for thermal performance calculations</b>					(∅ <sub>m</sub> -∅ <sub>a</sub> ) <sub>max</sub>	71	K				
<b>Standard stagnation temperature (G = 1000 W/m<sup>2</sup>; ∅<sub>a</sub> = 30 °C)</b>					∅ <sub>stg</sub>	196.5	°C				
<b>Effective thermal capacity, incl. fluid (per gross area, A<sub>G</sub>)</b>					C/m <sup>2</sup>	3.4	kJ/(Km <sup>2</sup> )				
<b>Maximum operating temperature</b>					∅ <sub>max, op</sub>	99	°C				
<b>Maximum operating pressure</b>					p <sub>max, op</sub>	800	kPa				
<b>Testing laboratory</b>		<b>TÜV Rheinland (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.</b>				<b>www.tuv.com</b>					
<b>Test report(s)</b>		50133880-001a 50133882-001				<b>Dated</b>		5/14/2018 5/9/2018			
<b>Comments of testing laboratory</b>					Datasheet version: 5.01, 2016-03-01						
<b>No comment</b>											
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Annex to Solar Keymark Certificate Supplementary Information	Licence Number	011-7S2857 F
	Issued	2018-05-14

**Annual collector output in kWh/collector at mean fluid temperature  $\vartheta_m$ , based on ISO 9806:2013 test results**

Collector name	Standard Locations $\vartheta_m$	Athens			Davos			Stockholm			Würzburg		
		25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C
JFC-2/2		2 141	1 470	912	1 596	1 060	629	1 179	741	426	1 284	797	450
JFC-2/2.5		2 674	1 836	1 139	1 993	1 324	786	1 473	925	532	1 603	996	562
Annual output per m <sup>2</sup> gross area		1 070	734	456	797	530	314	589	370	213	641	398	225
Fixed or tracking collector		Fixed (slope = latitude - 15°; rounded to nearest 5°)											
Annual irradiation on collector plane		1765 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>			1714 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>			1166 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>			1244 kWh/m <sup>2</sup>		
Mean annual ambient air temperature		18.5°C			3.2°C			7.5°C			9.0°C		
Collector orientation or tracking mode		South, 25°			South, 30°			South, 45°			South, 35°		

The collector is operated at constant temperature  $\vartheta_m$  (mean of in- and outlet temperatures). The calculation of the annual collector performance is performed with the official Solar Keymark spreadsheet tool Scenocalc Ver. 5.01 (March 2016). A detailed description of the calculations is available at [www.solarkeymark.org/scenocalc](http://www.solarkeymark.org/scenocalc)

**Additional Information**

Collector heat transfer medium	Water-Glycole
Hybrid Thermal and Photo Voltaic collector	No
The collector is deemed to be suitable for roof integration	Yes
The collector was tested successfully according to EN ISO 9806:2013 under the following conditions:	
Climate class (A, B or C)	B --
Maximum tested positive load	2400 Pa
Maximum tested negative load	1000 Pa
Hail resistance using steel ball (maximum drop height)	1.2 m

**Energy Labelling Information**

	Reference Area, $A_{sol}$ (m <sup>2</sup> )	Data required for CDR (EU) No 811/2013 - Reference Area $A_{sol}$	
JFC-2/2	2.00	Collector efficiency ( $\eta_{col}$ )	53 %
JFC-2/2.5	2.50	Remark: Collector efficiency ( $\eta_{col}$ ) is defined in CDR (EU) No 811/2013 as collector efficiency of the solar collector at a temperature difference between the solar collector and the surrounding air of 40 K and a global solar irradiance of 1000 W/m <sup>2</sup> , expressed in % and rounded to the nearest integer. Deviating from the regulation $\eta_{col}$ is based on reference area ( $A_{sol}$ ) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806:2013.	
		Data required for CDR (EU) No 812/2013 - Reference Area $A_{sol}$	
		Zero-loss efficiency ( $\eta_0$ )	0.688 --
		First-order coefficient ( $a_1$ )	3.55 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K)
		Second-order coefficient ( $a_2$ )	0.012 W/(m <sup>2</sup> K <sup>2</sup> )
		Incidence angle modifier IAM (50°)	0.91 --
		Remark: The data given in this section are related to collector reference area ( $A_{sol}$ ) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806. Consistent data sets for either aperture or gross area can be used in calculations like in the regulation 811 and 812 and simulation programs.	